

Year 2 English Progression

Reading	Writing	
<p>Word Reading</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • secure phonic decoding until reading is fluent • read accurately by blending, including alternative sounds for graphemes • read multisyllable words containing these graphemes • read common suffixes • read exception words, noting unusual correspondences • read most words quickly & accurately without overt sounding and blending <p>Comprehension</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • becoming increasingly familiar with and retelling a wider range of stories, fairy stories and traditional tales • recognising simple recurring literary language in stories and poetry • continuing to build up a repertoire of poems learnt by heart, appreciating these and reciting some, with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear • discussing and clarifying the meanings of words, linking new meanings to known vocabulary • discussing their favourite words and phrases • discussing the sequence of events in books and how items of information are related • drawing on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher • checking that the text makes sense to them as they read and correcting inaccurate reading • making inferences on the basis of what is being said and done • answering and asking questions • predicting what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far • being introduced to non-fiction books that are structured in different ways • participate in discussion about books, poems & other works that are read to them & those that they can read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what others say • explain and discuss their understanding of books, poems and other material, both those that they listen to and those that they read for themselves 	<p>Composition</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • saying out loud what they are going to write about • writing narratives about personal experiences and those of others (real and fictional) • writing poetry • writing for different purposes • planning or saying out loud what they are going to write about • writing down ideas and/or key words, including new vocabulary • considering what they want to say, sentence by sentence • evaluating their writing with the teacher and other pupils • rereading to check that their writing makes sense and that verbs to indicate time are used correctly and consistently, including verbs in the continuous form • proofreading to check for errors in spelling, grammar and punctuation • read aloud what they have written with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear 	<p>Transcription</p> <p>Spelling</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • segmenting spoken words into phonemes and representing these by graphemes, spelling many correctly • learning new ways of spelling phonemes for which one or more spellings are already known, and learn some words with each spelling, including a few common homophones • learning to spell common exception words • distinguishing between homophones and near-homophones • learning the possessive apostrophe (singular) • learning to spell more words with contracted forms • add suffixes to spell longer words, including –ment, –ness, –ful, –less, –ly • write from memory simple sentences dictated by the teacher that include words using the GPCs, common exception words and punctuation taught so far <p>Handwriting</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • form lower-case letters of the correct size relative to one another • start using some of the diagonal and horizontal strokes needed to join letters and understand which letters, when adjacent to one another, are best left unjoined • write capital letters and digits of the correct size, orientation and relationship to one another and to lower-case letters • use spacing between words that reflects the size of the letters
	<p>Vocabulary, Grammar and Punctuation</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • use expanded noun phrases to describe and specify • recognise sentences with different forms: statement, question, exclamation, command • use the present and past tenses correctly and consistently including the progressive form • use subordination (using when, if, that, or because) and co-ordination (using or, and, or but) • use commas in lists • use apostrophes for omission and singular possession <p>Grammatical Terminology: noun, noun phrase, statement, question, exclamation, command, compound, adjective, verb, suffix, adverb, tense (past/present), apostrophe, comma</p>	